



EDICa

Understanding the workplace experiences of autistic women.

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General and wider details of our research on autism, fair work and gender

Aim of today

Draw out key aspects of research related to:

Questions and queries

Lived experience

Women's experiences

Chronic lack of fair work

– autism and inclusion
marginal features of Fair
Work Framework

High-levels of unemployment and underemployment

Motivation for research

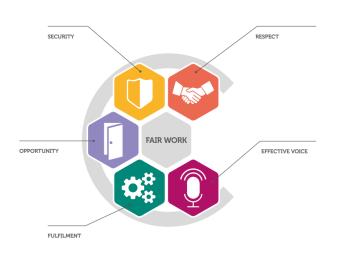
Discrimination

Marginalisation (including menstrual health)

Autism commonly recognised as difference, yet disabled by environment, attitudes and organisations

Gender poorly reflected in HR practice

Research questions



- What does work look like for autistic people?
- How do autism and gender intersect at work (including fair work)?
- What are the main barriers and facilitators to fair work for the autistic workforce?
- How can the Fair Work Framework be advanced to be more inclusive of the autistic workforce?

Methodology/conceptual framing: 2 studies

- Two surveys autistic working people (n=191), and managers/HR senior HR professionals (n=32) with oversight of autistic employed working people
- Two sets of interviews autistic working people (n=21), and managers/HR senior HR professionals (n=5) with oversight of autistic employed working people
 - Based on perceptions of fair work
- Conceptual framing Fair Work Framework (5 dimensions), lived experience, social model of disability, intersectionality

- Interviews with 56 women about their menstrual health at work
- Aim to inform workplace interventions tailored to diverse women's needs
- Particular interest in intersections with disability and neurodiversity (including autism)

Dimensions and aspects of fair work

Dimension of fair work	Aspect of dimension
Effective voice	Employers encourage open communication regarding autism
	Employees can safely express views in a range of ways
	 Employees have access to a staff representative or independent advocate
	 Employer responds positively when raising autism-related matters
Opportunity	Employees offered reasonable adjustment during recruitment and selection
	Access to training and development opportunities
	Access to point of contact, mentor or job coach
	Available promotion and progression opportunities
Security	Paid a wage reflecting experiences, skills and qualifications
	Employment is secure and low risk of losing job
	 Effective reasonable adjustments enable employees to do their best at work
	Reasonable adjustments reviewed on regular basis
	Employment rights understood and respected by employer
Fulfilment	Job allows use of skills, knowledge and experience
	 Employees allowed opportunities to work autonomously, solve problems and make a difference
	 Reasonable adjustments made to allow employees to train, develop and learn skills for career development
Respect	Employees feel understood as an autistic person
	 Confident of receiving support regarding bullying and harassment
	Employer supports well-being, health, and safety
	Meaningful training on inclusion and diversity translating in policy and practice
	 Colleagues have good understanding of needs of autistic workers

Key findings

- Statistically significant differences between male and female employees
 - Employer responding positively when raising autism-related matters
 - Access to training and development opportunities
 - Job allows use of skills, knowledge and experience
 - Employer supports well-being, health and safety
 - Colleagues have good understanding of needs of autistic employees
- Least positively experienced aspects of fair work (men):
 - Access to point of contact, mentor or job coach
 - Reasonable adjustments during recruitment and selection
 - Understood as an autistic person
- Least positively experienced aspects of fair work (women):
 - Reasonable adjustments during recruitment and selection
 - Reasonable adjustments reviewed regularly
 - Colleague understanding of needs of autistic employee
- Multitude of organisational facilitators and barriers to employment the bad likely to cancel out the good

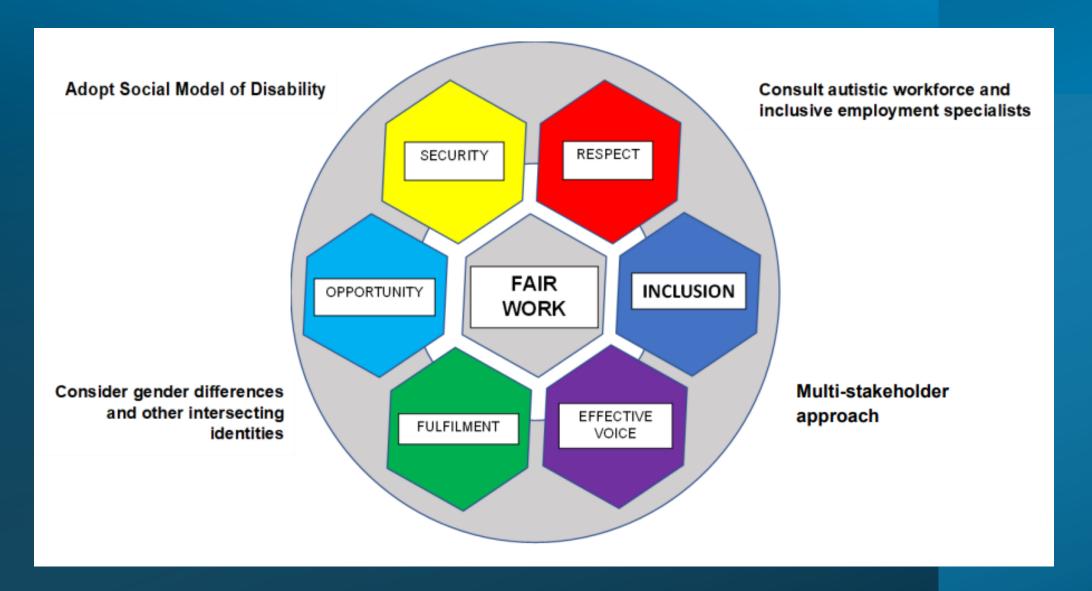


Neurodiversity and menstrual health at work

It's been the killer of my career

- Loss of regular menstrual cycle with perimenopause
- Management of menstrual blood
- Loss of ability to 'mask'
- Inadequate workplace support for autistic women

Key recommendations



Q&A

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